BOMBAY COURIER
EXTRAORDINARY.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th, 1823.

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WE have at last the pleasure to announce the receipt of intelligence from England of a very late date, by arrivals at Madras.—The H. C. Ship Princess Charlotte from London the 29th May reached that Presidency on the 3d instant and from the Extra Papers published on the occasion, we select the following important articles.

England continued at Peace, and no change had taken place in her foreign relations.

The latest News from Spain are so contradictory that it is impossible to form any correct judgment of what is going on. The French move very slowly, and manifest great anxiety to keep open the communications in their rear. They had advanced their head Quarters to Burgos, and the 24th of May was fixed upon for entering Madrid. The Constitutional Generals maintain their system of warfare, and evidently act to draw the enemy into the heart of the Country. Few incidents of interest therefore have yet occurred. The latest intelligence we have seen from the French Armies is of great importance. From these it appears that the gallant Mina had completely out-generalled his adversaries. They lost all scent of him for some days, and were glad to believe that his Troops had deserted. The Guerilla General, however, soon re-appeared where he was least expected—in their Rear. We, perceive that by a masterly movement, which has extorted admiration even from his enemies, Mina contrived to place himself and a detachment of his force between the French Armies and their own frontier, his body taking the direction of Hostalrich. He has passed along the line of the Ter towards the mountains on the frontier. Time will shew what his object is in this movement. It can hardly be to enter the French territory. It is more likely that he means to avail himself of the nature of the country to interrupt the French communications.

The English Ministerial Papers however assert that his intention is nothing less than to revolutionize France. Several French divisions have been despatched after him from the Main Army.

Negotiations for Peace have been again set on foot by the French Ministry, but the Spaniards have refused to enter upon them until every Frenchman has quitted the soil of Spain.

Portugal was tranquil; the rebels having been put down.

Sir Robert Wilson and the Hon. —— Erskine have proceeded to Lisbon, with ulterior gallant objects in view.

The famous Trappist has been arrested by order of the Duke D'Angouleme for violating his orders.

We are sorry to observe that a Spanish Corvette, laden with treasure, has been captured by a French Squadron in the West Indies.

The Greeks continue to flourish. Their cause is rapidly gaining ground. A Meeting was held in their behalf in London on the 10th of May, when some admirable speeches were delivered.

Mr. COTTON, the Director, has retired. A great many Candidates have started for the vacancy in the India Direction.

Sir Henry Wellesley will leave England on Wednesday, to proceed on his Embassy to Vienna, to relieve the Marquis of Londonderry, who has resigned.

H. M. Ship Glasgow arrived at Gibralter on the 27th of April.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Hastings landed on the 30th under a salute of nineteen guns from the garrison, and were received by a guard of honour from his Lordship's own regiment the 27th. His Excellency would proceed up the Mediterranean in a day or two, being appointed successor to Sir Thomas Maitland, who arrived in London on the 5th of May from the Ionian Islands, from the Government of which he had been removed.

The proceedings in Parliament are of great interest.

On the 24th of April Lord Ellenborough moved in the House of Peers for an address to his Majesty declaratory of the indignant condemnation of Parliament of the conduct of Ministers throughout the late Negociations—On the division the Majority for Ministers was 94.

A similar motion was made in the House of Commons which met with a like result. In the course of this Debate, Mr. Canning made one of the most brilliant speeches ever delivered by him. The discussion occupied the House three days.

Other motions were however to be made on the same subject.

Lord John Russell's motion for Reform was of course lost. The division was very large—Noes 280—Ayes 169!! Majority 111 only! The cause is therefore evidently gaining ground.

On the 23d of April Sir F. Burdett brought forward his promised motion for "a strict enquiry into the conduct of the High Sheriff of Dublin respecting the proceedings at the trial of Forbes and Handwich," Messrs. Peel and Canning opposed the motion, but it was carried by a Majority of 34—there being 219 for and 185 against it.

The announcement of the result of the division was received with loud Cheers by the House.

The Committee of Enquiry was to sit on the 1st of May.

Mr. Sergeant Hullock was knighted, as one of the Barons of Exchequer, on the 21st of April.

The Funds continued stationary.

3 per Cent. Consols 77

New fours.....97

Amongst the Deaths we observe that of the celebrated Geographer A. Arrowsmith, Esq. aged 74.

Sir Charles Bamfylde lingered of the Assassin's wound until the 20th of April, and then expired.

His Majesty had been seriously indisposed in the beginning of May, but was so far convalescent on the 23d of that month as to signify his intention of attending the Ascot Races to be held on the 10th June.

Little alteration in commercial affairs at home had taken place and an opinion of any probable fluctuations could not be formed from the uncertainty of political affairs —a fall was expected in the price of Drugs.

We regret to observe that Ireland is in a most alarming state. A general rising is expected. The Guards are under orders for that Country, where they are anxiously looked for.

The H. C. Ship *Marquess of Wellington*, Capt. John Blanshard parted company with the *Princess Charlotte of Wales*, a little to the Westward of the Cape—where she has put in from stress of weather—but has received no damage so as not to lead us to expect her arrival in all this week. Her Packets were transferred to the *Princess Charlotte*.

DEAL, MAY 8.—Arrived the Cumbrian, Clarkson, from Bombay.

The East India Company's ship Castle Huntly arrived in the Downs on Friday evening from China.

The Macqueen, arrived off Dover the 10th instant. The Orwell, arrived off Portland the 10th instant The Prince Regent from Bengal, arrived off the Isle of Wight 9th instant.

Since writing the above, we have the pleasure to announce that the Lord Castlereagh, Capt. Durant from England the 15th June, has anchored in the harbour.

Passengers.—Major and Mrs. Hardy.

By this Ship we have received letters and papers from London to the 14th of June. The Duke d' Angouleme after taking possession of Madrid, and appointing a Regency to act during the absence of the captive King, was in full march towards Seville, and the Cortes were with equal promptitude ready to depart with Ferdinand, for Cadiz.—Sir W. A. Court is said to have offered Gibraltar as a place of reception should the public authorities at Cadiz refuse to receive the King and Cortes, which was anticipated. Mina is reported to have suffered repeated defeats but the details are as usual contradictory and we are unable to give a connected account from this hasty glance. England still persevered in her system of strict neutrality.

The Cortes still refused to make any concessions to the French.

As matters of local interest we are glad to learn that at a Court of Proprietors held at the India House on the 10th June—the formation of a supreme Court at Bombay, was finally determined on, to consist of a chief and two puisne Judges; the former with a Salary of £6000 per annum and the latter £5000; the retiring pension of the Chief Judge to be £1600 and the Puisne Judges £1200, a year.

A considerable augmentation to the Income of the public officers of Government has also been authorized.

The Archdeacon to retire at the end of 10 years' service instead of 15 years as formerly.

The Upton Castle arrived in the Downs on the 13th of May, and the Columbia at Liverpool on the 12th June.

We hear also that the James Sibbald had arrived previous to the sailing of the Castlereagh, but the date not mentioned.

The Layton and K. S. Forbes had left England for this Port, the former on the 18th May, and the latter sailed on the 10th June, but was to touch at Madeira.

On the 4th June, John Bailie Esq. was elected a Director in the room of Joseph Cotton Esq.

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